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# **EDISON PENSION TRUST**

c/o William C. Earhart Company, Inc. P.O. Box 4148, Portland, Oregon 97208 3140 N.E. Broadway St., Portland, Oregon 97232 Local: (503) 460-5223 Toll free: (877) 396-1823 CONTRACTORS' ASSOCIATION

OREGON COLUMBIA CHAPTER NATIONAL ELECTRICAL

OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS LOCAL UNION NO. 48

#### ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE FOR EDISON PENSION PLAN

## **Introduction**

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your pension plan ("the Plan") and general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called "defined benefit pension plans") must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is for the plan year beginning January 1, 2013 and ending December 31, 2013.

## How Well Funded Is Your Plan

Under federal law, the plan must report how well it is funded by using a measure called the "funded percentage." This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's assets by its liabilities on the Valuation Date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. Your Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

Funded Percentage					
	2013	2012	2011		
Valuation Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2012	January 1, 2011		
Funded Percentage	90%	89%	97%		
Value of Assets	\$596,117,502	\$569,434,966	\$593,636,752		
Value of Liabilities	\$659,336,034	\$640,931,331	\$610,640,493		

## Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the Valuation Date for the plan year and are actuarial values. Because market values can fluctuate daily based on factors in the marketplace, such as changes in the stock market, pension law allows plans to use actuarial values that are designed to smooth out those fluctuations for funding purposes. The asset values below are market values and are measured as of the last day of the plan year, rather than as of the Valuation Date. Substituting the market value of assets for the actuarial value used in the above chart would show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status as of the Valuation Date. The fair market value of the Plan's assets as of the last day of the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is shown in the following table:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Fair Market Value of Assets	\$547,500,000	\$509,297,336	\$474,529,138

## **Critical or Endangered Status**

Under federal pension law a plan generally will be considered to be in "endangered" status if, at the beginning of the plan year, the funded percentage of the plan is less than 80 percent or in "critical" status

if the percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Rehabilitation and funding improvement plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time.

The Plan was not in endangered or critical status in the Plan Year.

#### **Participant Information**

The total number of participants in the Plan as of the Plan's valuation date was 5,629. Of this number, 3,030 were active participants, 1,606 were retired or separated from service and receiving benefits, and 993 were retired or separated from service and entitled to future benefits.

#### **Funding & Investment Policies**

Every pension plan must have a procedure for establishing a funding policy to carry out plan objectives. A funding policy relates to the level of assets needed to pay for benefits promised under the plan currently and over the years. The funding policy of the Plan is to enforce compliance with all applicable collective bargaining agreements between employers and IBEW Local No. 48 and participation special agreements approved by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees will work with its professional service advisors to ensure that contributions received by the Edison Pension Trust will satisfy the minimum funding requirements under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and be tax-deductible under Internal Revenue Service rules. Over time, the Board of Trustees may adjust Plan benefits in response to investment returns and other Plan experience, or seek additional contributions from the bargaining parties.

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials called fiduciaries, who make specific investments in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is to invest Plan assets over a diverse spectrum of asset classes and investment strategies. The targeted allocation to each asset class or strategy (as a percentage of Plan assets) is one of the most important elements of the investment policy. The asset allocation targets are developed with the goal of achieving the required long-term rate of return while minimizing volatility to the extent possible. The current target allocation for each asset class and/or strategy follows:

Large-Cap Domestic Equity:	20%
Small and Mid-Cap Domestic Equities:	4%
International Equities:	14%
Fixed Income:	19%
Mortgages:	2%
Real Estate:	15%
Absolute Return Strategies:	12%
Real Return Strategies:	12%
Private Equity:	2%

The Board of Trustees employs professional investment managers who are responsible for making investment decisions with the Plan assets entrusted to them. The Board of Trustees employs an investment consultant to assist them with the allocation of Plan assets among different asset classes and evaluating the performance of the investment managers against recognized benchmarks and/or peer groups.

For purposes of IRS Form 5500, the Plan is also required to report the allocation percentages according to the categories detailed below. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

Asset Allocations	Percentage
1. Cash (Interest bearing and non-interest bearing)	1%
2. U.S. Government securities	0%
3. Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities):	
Preferred	0%
All other	0%
4. Corporate stocks (other than employer securities):	
Preferred	0%
Common	21%
5. Partnership/joint venture interests	5%
6. Real estate (other than employer real property)	0%
7. Loans (other than to participants)	0%
8. Participant loans	0%
9. Value of interest in common/collective trusts	31%
10. Value of interest in pooled separate accounts	0%
11. Value of interest in master trust investment accounts	0%
12. Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities	6%
13. Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds)	36%
14. Value of funds held in insurance co. general account (unallocated contracts)	0%
15. Employer-related investments:	
Employer Securities	0%
Employer real property	0%
16. Buildings and other property used in plan operation	0%
17. Other	0%

For information about the Plan's investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, master trust investment accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact

The William C. Earhart Company, Inc. P.O. Box 4148 Portland, OR 97208 (503) 282-5581 (800) 547-1314

#### **Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report**

A pension plan is required to file with the US Department of Labor an annual report called the Form 5500 that contains financial and other information about the plan. Copies of the annual report are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling (202) 693-8673. For 2009 and subsequent plan years, you may obtain an electronic copy of the plan's annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the Form 5500 search function. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Individual information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit under the Plan, is not contained in the annual report. If you are seeking information regarding your benefits under the Plan, contact the plan administrator identified below under "Where To Get More Information."

## **Summary of Rules Governing Plans in Reorganization and Insolvent Plans**

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans. The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. Under so-called "plan reorganization rules," a plan with adverse financial experience may need to

increase required contributions and may, under certain circumstances, reduce benefits that are not eligible for the PBGC's guarantee (generally, benefits that have been in effect for less than 60 months). If a plan is in reorganization status, it must provide notification that the plan is in reorganization status and that, if contributions are not increased, accrued benefits under the plan may be reduced or an excise tax may be imposed (or both). The plan is required to furnish this notification to each contributing employer and the labor organization.

Despite these special plan reorganization rules, a plan in reorganization could become insolvent. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump sum option. This information will be provided for each year the plan is insolvent.

The Plan is not in reorganization and is solvent.

## **Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC**

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that can not be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

*Example 1*: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$500, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service (\$500/10), which equals \$50. The guaranteed amount for a \$50 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75 (.75 x \$33), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 (\$35.75 x 10).

*Example 2*: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or \$200/10). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 (.75 x \$9), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 (\$17.75 x 10).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under the plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee pre-retirement death benefits to a spouse or beneficiary (e.g., a qualified pre-retirement survivor annuity) if the participant dies after the plan terminates, benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

### Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact:

The William C. Earhart Company, Inc. P.O. Box 4148 Portland, OR 97208 (503) 460-5223 (877) 396-1823

For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's name and employer identification number or "EIN" is Edison Pension Plan Board of Trustees and 93-6061681. For more information about the PBGC, go to PBGC's website, <u>www.pbgc.gov</u>.